### **India Size And Location**

### Question 1.

The area of India is about-

- (a) 3.82 million sq. kilometres
- (b) 3.28 million sq. kilometres
- (c) 3.16 million sq. kilometres
- (d) 3.61 million sq. kilometres

# **▼** Answer

Answer: (b) 3.28 million sq. kilometres

The landmass of India has an area of 3.28 million square km.

### Question 2.

India has a land boundary of about-

- (a) 15,860 km.
- (b) 15,250 km.
- (c) 15,680 km.
- (d) 15,200 km.

#### **▼** Answer

Answer: (d) 15,200 km.

India has a land boundary of about 15,200 km.

### Question 3.

How much times is India bigger than France?

- (a) 6 times
- (b) 16 times
- (c) 4 times
- (d) 9 times

### ▼ Answer

Answer: (a) 6 times

India is 6 times bigger than France.

#### Question 4.

Standard Meridian of India passes through-

- (a) Uttaranchal
- (b) Punjab
- (c) Mirzapur
- (d) Alipur
- ▼ Answer





Answer: (c) Mirzapur

The standard Meridian of India (82°30′ E) passes through Mirzapur in U.P.

### Question 5.

India has ...... Union Territories-

- (a) 28
- (b) 7
- (c) 6
- (d) 14

#### **▼** Answer

Answer: (b) 7

India has 7 Union Territories and 28 states.

#### Question 6.

...... ocean will have to be crossed by a ship going from Singapore to Mogadishu?

- (a) Indian Ocean
- (b) Passific Ocean
- (c) Arctic Ocean
- (d) Antarctic Ocean

#### ▼ Answer

Answer: (a) Indian Ocean

Indian Ocean will have to be crossed by a ship going from Singapore to Mogadishu.

### Question 7.

Which of these countries is located towards the east of India?

- (a) Nepal
- (b) Sri Lanka
- (c) Bangladesh
- (d) China

### ▼ Answer

Answer: (c) Bangladesh

Bangladesh is located towards the east of India.

# Question 8.

The longitudinal extent of India is ...... km.

- (a) 3000
- (b) 3200
- (c) 3020
- (d) 3060
- **▼** Answer



Answer: (a) 3000

The longitudinal extent of India is 3,000 km.

#### Question 9.

The Tropic of Cancer does not pass through-

- (a) Rajasthan
- (b) Chhattisgarh
- (c) Orissa
- (d) Tripura

#### ▼ Answer

Answer: (c) Orissa

The Tropic of Cancer divides the country into almost equal parts. Orissa lies above these states.

### Question 10.

The capital of Mizoram is-

- (a) Imphal
- (b) Kohima
- (c) Agartala
- (d) Aizwal

#### **▼** Answer

Answer: (d) Aizwal

Aizwal is the capital of Mizoram.

### Question 11.

The easternmost longitude of India is-

- (a) 97° 25' E
- (b) 68° 7' E
- (c) 77° 6′ E
- (d) 82° 32′ E

### **▼** Answer

Answer: (a) 97° 25' E

The easternmost longitude is 97°25′ E and westernmost longitude is 68°7′ E.

#### Ouestion 12.

Uttaranchal, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, West Bengal and Sikkim have common frontiers with-

- (a) China
- (b) Bhutan
- (c) Nepal
- (d) Myanmar
- **▼** Answer





Answer: (b) Bhutan

Bhutan is surrounded by Uttaranchal, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, West Bengal and Sikkim.

### Question 13.

If you intend to visit the Island Kavaratti during your Summer Vacations, which one of the following Union Territory of India will you be going to-

- (a) Pondicherry
- (b) Lakshadweep
- (c) Andaman and Nicobar
- (d) Diu and Daman

#### **▼** Answer

Answer: (c) Andaman and Nicobar

Kavaratti is situated in Andaman and Nicobar Islands. It is the capital of this Union Territory.

### Question 14.

My pen friend hails from a country which does not share land boundary with India, identify the country-

- (a) Bhutan
- (b) Tajikistan
- (c) Myanmar
- (d) Nepal

### **▼** Answer

Answer: (b) Tajikistan

Tajikistan does not share land boundary with India. All the other countries share boundary with India.

### Question 15.

Which one of the following is the smallest state in Indian

- (a) Sikkim
- (b) Tripura
- (c) Goa
- (d) Uttaranchal

#### ▼ Answer

Answer: (c) Goa

Goa is the smallest state in India.

#### Ouestion 16.

Which of these got submerged in the sea water in 2004?

- (a) Kanyakumari
- (b) Bhuj





- (c) Indira point
- (d) Bhavnagar

#### **▼** Answer

Answer: (c) Indira point

Indira point was the smallest state in India. It got submerged in the sea water in 2004.

# Write true (T) or false (F)

1. The largest country of the world is China.

**▼** Answer

Answer: False

2. About 8,000 km is reduced between Europe and India due to Suez Canal.

**▼** Answer

Answer: False

3. Kanyakumari, in India is situated on three seas.

**▼** Answer

Answer: True

4. The sketch of India from West to East is 2,933 km.

▼ Answer

Answer: True

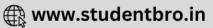
- 5. The total length of coastline of India including Andaman and Nicobar and Lakshadweep Island is 7,516.6 km.
- ▼ Answer

Answer: True

- 6. The Arabian Sea is on the eastern side of India.
- ▼ Answer

Answer: False





7. The Day of Bengal is on the western side of India
7. The Bay of Bengal is on the western side of India.
▼ Answer
Answer: False
8. Palk strait separates India and Sri Lanka.
▼ Answer
Answer: True
9. The country of the northern side of India is Nepal.
▼ Answer
Answer: True
10. The southernmost point of the main land of India is Indira Point.
▼ Answer
Answer: False
11. In India there are 27 states.
▼ Answer
Answer: False
12. India occupies an important strategic position in South Asia.
▼ Answer
Answer: True
13. No other country has a long coastline on the Indian Ocean as India has.
▼ Answer
Answer: True
14. From Gujarat to Arunachal Pradesh there is a line lag of three hours.
▼ Answer
Answer: False

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15. India is a southward extension of the Asian continent.

### **▼** Answer

Answer: True

16. India is bounded by the old fold mountains in the northeast, north and northeast.

### **▼** Answer

Answer: False

17. The latitudinal extent influences the duration of the day and night.

#### **▼** Answer

Answer: True

18. India has strong geographical and historical links with her neighbours.

# **▼** Answer

Answer: True

19. India shares its land boundaries with Pakistan and Afghanistan in the northeast.

#### **▼** Answer

Answer: False

20. India shares its land boundaries with Nepal and Bhutan in the north.

### **▼** Answer

Answer: True

### Match the following

1.

Column A	Column B
(a) Indian mainland extends	1. 6807' E and 97°25' E
(b) Indian longitudinal extends	2. 3.28 million sq. km
(c) The land area of India is	3. lies on 82° 30'E
"(d) India has a land holindary :	4. between 8°4′ N and 37°6′ N





(e)	The	standard	Meridian	of
Ind	ia			

5. of about 15,200km

#### Answer

# Answer:

Column A	Column B
(a) Indian mainland extends	4. between 8°4' N and 37°6' N
(b) Indian longitudinal extends	1. 6807' E and 97°25' E
(c) The land area of India is	2. 3.28 million sq. km
(d) India has a land boundary	5. of about 15,200km
(e) The standard Meridian of India	3. lies on 82° 30′E

# 2.

Column A	Column B
II a i paninciliar	A. a piece of land surrounded by water on all sided
(b) Island	B. Time determined by the mid-day Sun
(c) Local Time	C. Time taken for the whole country
11.	E. a narrow stretch of sea linking two large area
(e) Strent	D. a piece of land surrouned by water on three sides

# **▼** Answer

### Answer:

Column A	Column B
(a) Peninsular	E. a narrow stretch of sea linking two large area
(b) Island	A. a piece of land surrounded by water on all sided
(c) Local Time	B. Time determined by the mid-day Sun
(d) Standard Time	C. Time taken for the whole country
CLOISTEANT	D. a piece of land surrouned by water on three sides



# 3.

Column I	Column II	Column III
(1) The Tropic of Cancer divides	(a) there is time	A. into two equal parts
	(b) Pakistan and Afghanistan	B. India
(3) India shares its land boundaries with	(c) north of	C. India
(4) Nepal and Bhutan is on the	(d) the country	D. in the north-west
(5) Myanmar and Bangladesh is	(e) on the east of	E. lag of two hours

### ▼ Answer

### Answer:

Column I	Column II	Column III
(1) The Tropic of Cancer divides	(d) the country	A. into two equal parts
(2) From Gujarat to Arunachal Pradesh	(a) there is time	E. lag of two hours
(3) India shares its land boundaries with	(b) Pakistan and Afghanistan	D. in the north-west
(4) Nepal and Bhutan is on the	(c) north of	B. India
(5) Myanmar and Bangladesh is	(e) on the east of	C. India

# Fill in the blanks

1. India has ...... states and ...... Union Territories.

### **▼** Answer

Answer: 28-7

2. The ..... extent influences the duration of day and night.

# **▼** Answer

Answer: latitudinal

3. Suez Canal was opened in ......





▼ Answer
Answer: 1869
4. India lies entirely in the hemisphere.
▼ Answer
Answer: northern
5. The east-west extent appears to be than the north-south extent.
▼ Answer
Answer: smaller
6. India is a extension of the Asian Continent.
▼ Answer
Answer: southward
7. The Peninsula protrudes into the Indian Ocean.
▼ Answer
Answer: Deccan
8. The spices, and other merchandise were taken from India to different countries.
▼ Answer
Answer: muslin
9. Before 1947, there were two types of states in India—the provinces and thestates.
▼ Answer
Answer: princely
10. India has strong and historical links with her neighbours.
▼ Answer
Answer: geographical

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